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Virginia Gazette

AND

WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

RICHMOND: PRINTED BY THOMAS NICOLSON.

ROCKINGHAM,

Will ſtand the enſuing Seaſon,

At Mr. John Taliaferro's,

of Hayes, in King George county.

AND will be let to mares at three pounds ten ſhillings the ſeaſon, if the money is not paid when the mares are covered a bond payable the firſt of October next will be expected.

As Rockingham's pedigree has been ſo often publiſhed it will be unneceſſary to ſay any thing farther of him than that it is an undeniable fact, he is one of the firſt bred horſes on this Continent. Good and extenſive paſturage will be provided for the mares, and every care taken of them, but I will not be anſwerable for eſcapes or other accidents.

*** *Three ſhillings to the groom will be expected.*

LAWRENCE TALIAFERRO.

MARCH 1, 1787.

To be Sold,

For caſh or tobacco, a valuable tract of well timbered (lightwood, or pitch pine)

L A N D,

In the county of Southampton,

BOUNDED by the lands of Mr. Carſtarſen, Mr. Johnſton, and others, known by the name of Whitlow's plantation within a few miles of Colonel Kello's mill. For terms apply to Mr. William Urquhart, Southampton county, Mr. Nathaniel Flemyng, Iſle of Wight county, or the ſubſcriber in Mancheſter.

G. FLEMING.

March 14, 1787.

For Sale,

My HOUSES & LOT,

Situated on the main ſtreet a little above the Courthouſe. They conſiſt of a

DWELLING HOUSE,

BAKEHOUSE, &c.

The bakehouſe well calculated for carrying on the baking buſineſs extenſively.

Alſo a tract of LAND,

Lying about ſeven miles from this city,

On the road leading to Williamſburg, containing about two hundred and fifty two acres, well timbered and of a very fine ſoil. Any perſon wiſhing to purchaſe either of the above places, may be informed of the price by applying to

JACOB THOMAS.

Richmond, March 13, 1787.

FOR SALE,

Thirty acres of LAND,

Together or in LOTTS,

As may beſt ſuit purchaſers—Agreeably ſituated on the main road leading to Williamſburg, one mile from this city.—For terms apply to

Richmond, Feb. 1, 1787. J. GLYNN.

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SAMPSON,

IF not ſold before the 15th of April, will ſtand at Roſewell, at a guinea the leap, and three the ſeaſon. The caſh, or a note of hand for payment, muſt be ſent with the mares, which will have good paſtures, but will not be inſured againſt accidents.

SAMPSON is 10 years old, a beautiful bay, full 15 hands and an half high; ſo well proportioned and highly formed, and his colts ſo fine, that it may be doubted whether there be a better ſtud in America. He was got by Tantrum, and is own brother to Sir John Lad's Nottingham; his dam by Sampſon, grand-dam by the Godolphin Colt (ſhe was own ſiſter to Mr. Vernon's Marquis) his great grand-dam was got by Regulus, and was the dam of Marquis and Count, as certified by Mr. Edward Tatterſall, of London, when he ſold him to Mr. A. Donald, by whom he was imported, and of whom I bought him for 300l. in May, 1785.

JOHN PAGE.

Roſewell, March 15, 1787.

Will certainly be SOLD,

At Glouceſter Courthouſe, upwards of ſixty, (probably ninety) Negroes, the property of John Page, Eſq; of Roſewell, and of the eſtate of Lewis Burwell, Eſq; late of this county;

CONSISTING of men, women, boys, girls, and children, one or more ſmiths, carpenters, and ſawyers, one or more hoſtlers, an excellent laundreſs, and many ſpinners, and probably ſeveral very valuable houſe ſervants; alſo one thouſand acres of land in an undivided tract, called the Frying-Pan, in Loudoun county; four hundred in the tract known by the name of the Green-Seas lying between Suffolk and Norfolk, equal to the beſt lands in the ſtate; three hundred acres, a part of the Paradiſe tract, lying on Poropotank ſwamp, which runs through it, very convenient to Weſt-Point and Urbanna; and about 200 acres, well known by the name of Rich-Nick, lying on the road from Glouceſter town to the Court-houſe; forty of which are rich tobacco land, and has never been cleared—Its growth, hickory, oak, cheſnut and poplar. Alſo ſeveral fine blooded colts. The ſale will commence on Monday the 7th of May next, and continue from day to day till all are ſold. Upwards of twenty five of the negroes (perhaps fifty) will be ſold for ready money or tobacco; for the balance, twelve months, credit will be allowed, the purchaſers giving bond with approved ſecurity, bearing intereſt from the date. The intereſt ſhall be remitted where the payments are punctually made. A diſcount of 10 per cent. will be allowed for prompt payment. All liquidated debts againſt Mr. Page, or the eſtate of Mr. Burwell, will be conſidered as ready money. Purchaſers may at any time between this and the day of ſale, treat with the ſubſcribers for a part of what is advertiſed, as alſo for the noted high blooded horſe Sampſon, and one or two very valuable high blooded mares.

MANN PAGE, Jun.
M. ANDERSON.

Glouceſter county, March 15, 1787.

ROSEWELL, Glouceſter county, March 12, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber having prevailed on his friend and neighbour, Matthew Anderſon, Eſq; to ſettle all his affairs, all perſons having any demands againſt him, either on his own account, or as acting Executor of Lewis Burwell, Eſq; of Glouceſter, are requeſted to produce them, properly ſtated, to him, his ſon Mann Page, or Mr. Anderſon, before the firſt Monday in May next; on which day it is hoped they may be fully anſwered, as Mr. Anderſon and Mann Page, are empowered to ſell property ſufficient for that purpoſe; and they are hereby empowered to ſell on that day, or ſooner if they think proper, all the lands (except that on Bull Run) negroes and horſes, formerly advertiſed in the Gazettes, belonging to the ſubſcriber, or to the eſtate of Lewis Burwell, Eſq.

JOHN PAGE.

WILLIAMSBURG, March 19, 1787.

THE ſubſcriber ſolicits all perſons in arrear to the firm of Robert Prentis, & Co. to pay their reſpective ballances without delay. The repeated notifications for payment having heretofore been diſregarded; it now becomes his duty to inſtitute ſuits indiſcriminately for all debts that remain due that copartnery.

JOSEPH PRENTIS.

FOR SALE,

SALISBURY,

And poſſeſſion given immediately.

THIS TRACT of well timbered LAND, contains 1268 acres, it lies in Cheſterfield county, three miles from James river, and 12 from Mancheſter, in the midſt of a coal country, and the probability is, that there is coal on the land. On it, is a moſt excellent well built dwelling houſe, with ſix rooms on a floor, and a ſpacious paſſage; the other houſes are equally good, and convenient, the orchards are large, and contain a variety of fruit trees; the ſituation affords good water, and is remarkably healthy. Caſh, TOBACCO, good BONDS, or MILITARY CERTIFICATES, will be taken for payment, and a very great bargain given to the purchaſer.

(3w) THOMAS M RANDOLPH.

PORT ROYAL, March 26, 1787.

WHEREAS, Michael O'Mealy, after treating the ſubſcriber in the moſt baſe and raſcally manner, refuſed giving him that ſatisfaction which every gentleman has a right to demand, the ſubſcriber therefore thinks himſelf obliged in this public manner to expoſe to the world a raſcal void of honor or principle

WILLIAM THOMSON.

After ſetting up a copy of the above in this place about 6 weeks ago, buſineſs obliged me to leave this neighbourhood for ſome time, when O'Mealy, ſuppoſing that I would not return, made an attempt to juſtify his baſe conduct, by ſhewing an advertiſment, which, as he ſaid, he intended to ſet up at Caroline Courthouſe, but my unexpected return put a ſtop to his villainous proceedings. I therefore find myſelf obliged to take this ſtill more public method of expoſing him, leſt my abſence might again give him that opportunity which his villainous diſpoſition has calculated him to take advantage of.

W. THOMSON.

WILL BE SOLD,

At public ſale, at Halifax May Court, on the 17th of that month,

Seven hundred and twenty five

ACRES OF L A N D,

Lying upon Staunton river, in the county of Halifax, Being the land ſold by H. Wade, to the late Peter Randolph, Eſquire.

ON WHICH THERE ARE VALUABLE

LOW GROUNDS.

Twelve months credit will be allowed the purchaſer, on giving bond and approved ſecurity to the ſubſcriber, who will make an indiſputable title.

S. BEALL.

Williamſburg, March 9, 1787

THE

CITY COFFEE HOUSE,

Kept in Dr. Fouſhee's buildings, previous to the late fire,

IS now opened by Mrs. CRAIG, in Mr. Kairnes's houſe, on the main ſtreet, oppoſite Mr Gernon's ſtore, corner of the ſtreet leading from the bridge to the Maſon's Hall.

Her friends will accept her acknowledgements for the encouragement heretofore given; ſhe hopes for a continuance of it, as ſhe can accommodate them with genteel lodgings, as uſual.

Richmond, March 20, 1787.

LONDON, Dec: 10.

THE object of M. de Rayneval's miſſion is ſtill kept a profound ſecret. This negociator has, ſince his arrival, ſeen all the members of the ſtate, as well as foreign Miniſters, but he has not hitherto taken any official ſtep of a nature to give a clue to the motives which have induced the Court of France to ſend this Miniſter hither. It has been however remarked, that he has had ſeveral conferences with M. de Comte de Goertz, the Pruſſian Miniſter. People ſtill indulge the perſuaſion that a plan of conciliation is on the tapis; but the opinion generally entertained at preſent is, that the diſficulty comes from the ſtate of Holland, more than from his Highneſs the Prince Stadtholder.

An ingenious Weſt India Captain has invented a machine for raiſing ballaſt by wind, ſteam, or horſes, whoſe power continues whilſt they are emptying the bags, by which means no time is loſt. Bounties would produce wonderful improvement this way, as well as methods for the quick diſcharge of ballaſt.

It has been hinted to the Admiralty, that if equal bounties were given, they would find that more ballaſt could be raiſed by boring than by ſcooping The ſafety of ſhipping throughout the globe, ſhould ſtimulate all nations to every kind of experiment.

There is a common expreſſion made uſe of at cards, viz The nine of diamonds being generally called the curſe of Scotland, which appelation has been lately accounted for in the following manner.

The arms of Packer, ſays one, being nine Diamonds, or lozenges, conjoined; and Colonel Packer (who is ſaid to have been on the ſcaffold when Charles I. was beheaded, and afterwards commanded in Scotland, where he acted with great ſeverity) bearing thoſe arms, they might, by a very eaſy metonymy, be called the curſe of Scotland; and from this circumſtance the card alluded to, which bears a very near reſemblance to them in ſhape, have acquired, and ever ſince retained, this diſtinction. Alluſions, in old writers, to family arms, are not unfrequent. Shakeſpeare, in the ſecond part of Henry VI. makes the Duke of York call the Earl of Warwick, Bears, from their creſt:—

" Call hither to the ſtake my two brave bears,
That, with the very ſhaking of their chains,
They may aſtoniſh theſe ſell barking curs:
Bid Salſbury and Warwick come to me."

And afterwards Old Clifford ſays to the Earl of Warwick,

" Might I but know thee by thy houſe a badge,

—When Warwick replies,

" Now, by my father's badge, old Nevil's creſt,
The rampant Bear, chain'd to the ragged ſtaff,
This day I'd wear aloſt my burgomet."

Another writer ſays, he has heard that it refers to the arms of Dalrymple, which are Or, on a faltive Azure nine Lozenges of the field; and that Lord Stair (a famous hero of that family) was the curſe of Scotland.

A third aſcribes it to the following circumſtance: When the Duke of York, a little before his ſucceſſion to the crown, came to Scotland, he and his ſuit introduced a new game there, called COMETTE, in which the nine of diamonds is the great winning card; which the Scots, who were to learn the game, felt to their coſt, and thus nick-named it.

But a fourth, places the introduction of this game into that country at a remoter period, the French attendants of Mary of Loraine, Queen of James V. having brought it thither, to the ruin of many Scottiſh families.

The following is the total ordinary of the navy as made up to the 30th of November, and delivered into the Admiralty.

At Plymouth. Thirty eight ſhips of the line from 110 guns to 64 guns, two of 50 guns, twelve frigates from 44 to 24 guns, and four ſloops.

At Portſmouth. Forty ſix ſhips of the line from 54 to 108 guns, one of 50 guns, twenty nine frigates from 26 to 44 guns each, and eight ſloops.

At Chatham. Thirty five ſhips of the line from 90 to 64 guns, eight of 50 guns, twenty one frigates, from 44 to 26 guns, and eleven ſloops or cutters.

At Sheerneſs Seven ſhips of the line of 74 and 64 guns, twelve frigates from 38 to 28 guns, five ſloops and four cutters.

At Woolwich. One ſhip of 74 guns, one of 50 guns, twenty frigates from 44 to 24 guns, five ſloops and four cutters.

At Deptford. Nineteen frigates from 26 to 44 guns each, thirteen ſloops, and one cutter.

In all, at the ſeveral ordinaries, one hundred and twenty ſeven ſhips of the line, twelve of 50 guns, one hundred and thirteen frigates, and 60 ſloops.

The famous Carabiner who at the battle of Lawfeldt, took Lord Ligonier priſoner, and who, with a magnanimity that would have done honour to the higheſt in his profeſſion, refuſed a purſe of gold and a diamond of great value to let the General eſcape, is at this time in the brigade of the Marechauſee at Nangis. Having a great deſire to ſee his old comrades he went to Brunoi at the late review, where Monſieur the King's eldeſt brother, not only received him with great diſtinction, but preſented him to the King. The Grand Monarch tranſported with joy at the recital of the action, pulled his purſe out of his pocket, containing thirty or forty louis d'ors, and gave it to the brave veteran. He enjoys a penſion of two hundred livres per annum, confered on him by the late King, for this meritorious action.

Letters from Madeira dated October 30, ſay:—" The peace concluded with the Dey of Algiers, does not protect our forts in Africa from the attacks of the Barbarians. We have accounts from Oran, that 20,000 Moors approached that place in the night of the 6th of laſt month, but happily they were perceived in time to fire all the batteries of the place upon them all night, which, however, would not have been ſufficient to keep them off, if the Commandant had not ſent ſome troops through the ſubterraneous paſſages, who repulſed them. Some days afterwards they formed an attempt againſt Maſcara, but they found the place ſo well defended that they were obliged to retreat. One Spaniſh ſoldier only fell into their hands, whoſe head they cut off, and placing it upon a pike, marched off in triumph to their camp.—We had ſeveral men wounded, but the loſs on the part of the Moors muſt have been very conſiderable"

The Duke of Athol has in the moſt liberal manner not only given a perpetual right of property in his eſtate, ſituated on the river Tay, about ſix miles from Perth, to the Stanley cotton company; but has alſo lotted out a large tract of land in a township where people may build houſes on the moſt moderate terms. This new company have erected a magnificent cotton mill, which furniſhes employment to three or four hundred women and children; a foundation ſurely ſuperior to a hundred workhouſes.

The above company, laſt ſummer, built ſeveral ſtreets of ſmall, but comfortable houſes in his Grace of Athol's new town, for the accommodation of the people employed in the cotton mill.

The Duke beholds the growing proſperity of theſe manufactories with pleaſure, and conſtantly aſſiſts the endeavours of his young colony. A few weeks ſince, he and his amiable Dutcheſs gave names to the new ſtreets in his town, ſuch as King ſtreet, Charlotte ſtreet, Dutcheſs ſtreet, &c. The inhabitants were regaled with caſks of beer, and are to elect magiſtrates for the government of their police. A weekly market is to be eſtabliſhed. Whoever pleaſes to ſettle there are to be made welcome. Inſtead of any exaction for this liberty, great encouragement is given to new and induſtrious ſettlers; and it is not doubted but in a ſhort time this will become a conſiderable place for manufacturers of different kinds.

January 12. By letters from Paris we learn, that the Engliſh language is cultivated there, and in all the other cities and towns in France with a degree of avidity unknown at any former period. This is owing to the intercourſe ſubſiſting between France and America, and to the expectation that a very extenſive correſpondence will ſhortly be eſtabliſhed between France and England.

The Dutch are ſo inveterate againſt the Britiſh Adminiſtration, for their ſuppoſed league with Pruſſia in defence of the Stadtholder, that Sir Joſeph Yorke, who had ſome preſſing buſineſs in Holland about a month ſince, did not chuſe to venture any further than Harwich, from whence he diſpatched Lady Yorke to ſettle the tranſaction.

A Manœuvre.—That want of a guinea has often been the cauſe of much inquietude, as well as invention. A parſon who, a few years ſince, had neither a living, or the means to live, took the following method to procure his Majeſty's picture ſet in gold; he wrote a title-page, which he called " A defence of Lord Shelburne's Adminiſtration, by a Clergyman," Waited on the Nobleman, told him the book was in the preſs, and inſtead of one guinea received two.

BOSTON, March 14.

WE are informed that the rebels, Shays and Wiley were lately at St. John's on their way into Canada; but that the Britiſh officer commanding at that poſt would not ſuffer them to proceed until he knew the mind of Lord Dorcheſter reſpecting them; on which Shays returned to Vermont, and Wiley it is ſaid, intended waiting to hear from his Lordſhip.

On Saturday laſt the General Court appointed the Hon. Samuel Philips, jun. Eſq; the Hon. Benjamin Lincoln, Eſq; and Samuel A. Otis, Eſq; Commiſſioners to proceed into the weſtern counties, for the purpoſe of granting pardon to perſons concerned in the rebellion, who may apply for the ſame, other than the leaders, or ſuch as have fired upon the good citizens of this Commonwealth, or acted as a Council of war, &c.

Commonwealth of Maſſachuſetts.

By his Excellency JAMES BOWDOIN, Eſq; Governour of the Commonwealth of Maſſachuſetts.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the General court, the tenth inſtant, paſſed a reſolution, for the purpoſes therein mentioned:

In conſequence thereof, I have thought fit to iſſue this proclamation; hereby warning all perſons againſt purchaſing any real eſtate, from ſuch perſons as are, or have been concerned in the preſent rebellion; except from ſuch of them as are, or ſhall be entitled to the benefits of an act paſſed by the ſaid General court, on the ſixteenth day of February laſt, deſcribing the diſqualifications of certain perſons; and except from thoſe to whom imdemnity ſhall have been promiſed in behalf of the General court; Inaſmuch as ſuch conveyances, if the perſons conveying ſuch eſtate ſhould be convicted of treaſon, are and will by law, be conſidered fraudulent and illegal.

And in further purſuance of the ſaid reſolve, I do hereby direct the commanding officers of the government troops, in the counties of Worceſter, Hampſhire and Berkſhire, reſpectively, to arreſt all perſons concerned in the preſent rebellion, who ſhall be moving out of this ſtate, with their property and effects, except thoſe who are intitled to the benefits of the act aforeſaid, until ſuch perſons ſhall be acquitted of the imputation of treaſon, by a due courſe of law; or until they ſhall receive in behalf of the General court, a promiſe of indemnity by Commiſſioners appointed for that pupoſe.

Given at the Council Chamber, in Boſton, this 11th day of March, in the year of our Lord, one thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty ſeven, and in the eleventh year of the Independence of the Confederated ſtates of America

JAMES BOWDOIN.

By his Excellency's command,
JOHN AVERY, Jun. Sec'y.

MIDDLETOWN, Feb. 26.

A CHILD of Mr. Scove, of Merriden, being three years and five months old, was troubled with worms, the mother gave it ſomething to fetch them away, and in about 12 days came away forty, and then the child was taken in extreme pain, which brought on a fever; a phyſician was ſent for, and by the means that was given in the compaſs of ſeven days 230 worms more came from the child, at leaſt ſix inches long upon an average, which together with the 40 that came before made 270, reckoning the whole at 6 inches each, would make it equal to 1620 inches long, or 135 feet, which would be at leaſt 34 times the length of the child.

NEW YORK, *March* 15.

ON Tueſday, in the Houſe of Aſſembly, Colonel Hamilton gave notice of his intention, to move for leave the next day to bring in a bill to declare Vermont, a free and independent ſtate; and to direct the delegates of this ſtate in congreſs to move for a reſolution in the United States in congreſs aſſembled, to aſſent to the ſame.

Yeſterday Colonel Hamilton brought forward this motion, which was highly appoved of by the houſe; in conſequence of which a bill was prepared for the purpoſe, read the firſt time, and ordered a ſecond reading, with little oppoſition.

We hear that an elegant ſtandard has been preſented the company of republican Volunteers, by that moſt diſtinguiſhed patriot, the honourable JOHN HANCOCK, Eſquire.

By an Amſterdam paper it appears, that the Dutch Ambaſſador, reſiding at New York, has communicated to their High Mightineſſes of Holland, information of a ſmuggling trade being carried on from theſe States, to the Dutch ſettlements of Surinam, and at the Cape of Good Hope—from which we may expect ſoon to ſee another cramp laid in our already heavy ſhackled commerce.

Wedneſday the 1ſt arrived at New-London, the brig Nancy, Gurdon Bill, maſter, in 22 days from Aux-Cays where he left 87 ſail of Veſſels, belonging to different parts of the United States.

March 22. By the eaſtern papers received laſt night, we find, that ſince the defeating and taking ſuch a number of the rebels priſoners, in Berkſhire, who were commanded by Hamlin, matters are pretty quiet. It does not appear that any thing remains to be done in Maſſachuſetts, but to try and puniſh the unfortunate wretches who have ſo juſtly merited the vengeance of their exaſperated country. General Lincoln arrived in Boſton, from Pittsfield, the 11th—The Governours of New-Hampſhire and Vermont, have iſſued proclamations againſt the rebels, if found in thoſe ſtates, and the Governour of Rhode-Iſland has given aſſurances of delivering them to the authority of Maſſachuſetts, on requiſition ſo to do, ſhould any of that deſcription be found there.

ALBANY, March 8.

ON Friday the 23d ult. a dog was obſerved at Half-Moon, about 14 miles above this city, carrying the head of a man in his mouth. On ſearching for the body, it was diſcovered at the root of a tree, with a cord hanging acroſs one of its largeſt branches above the body, the cord had been very recently cut, though the body from its appearance had been at the place five or ſix months. It was the prevailing opinion that he had been ſtrangled, and the head afterwards ſevered from the body by cutting. A few Saxon and Polith coins were found in his watch-coat; and, from ſome papers about him, it appeared that his name was CHRISTIAN FREDERICK JANG, and that he was born in the city of Leipſic in Saxony.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.

ON Friday laſt, the convicts in the jail of this city, formed a deſign of general maſſacre or an eſcape. However they were diſcovered, when one only was diſengaged from his irons The blackſmith ſent for to replace them, was inſtantly knocked down and unmercifully beaten; this introduced an armed force, who was obliged to fire, by which two were dangerouſly wounded, one of whom is ſince dead and diſſected; but the other will recover.

On Friday laſt, the bill for reviving the incorporation of the ſubſcribers to the Bank of North-America was read the third time in the Houſe of Aſſembly, and ordered to be engroſſed by a majority of four. A clauſe was offered in the courſe of the bill by Mr. Whitehill, to enable ſuch of the ſtockholders as might be diſſatisfied with the charter, to withdraw their ſhares; and another by Mr. Logan, to prevent any ſtockholder from having more than one vote in the choice of directors, and to prohibit voting by proxy; both of which were negatived by a majority of ſix. The day following the bill was brought in engroſſed, compared at the table, enacted into a law, and the Speaker directed to ſign the ſame. By this act a charter is granted for 14 years, and the capital is limited to 2,000,000 of dollars.

The following reſolutions unanimouſly were agreed to by a reſpectable number of the inhabitants of Germantown, at a meeting held March 1, 1787.

" We the ſubſcribers, inhabitants of the town-ſhip of Germantown, anxious to do every thing in our power to promote the happineſs and proſperity of the neighbourhood, at this time of general diſtreſs, we know not a more exalted act of charity and benevolence than that of preſenting a ſhield againſt the rapacity of law, which in the increaſe of coſts, and delay of juſtice in our courts has become ſuch an enormous and oppreſſive evil, that it is the duty of every real friend to the community to prevent the people from waſting their property by the chicane of law, or corruption of our courts of juſtice.

" And it is with anxiety we obſerve an unpardonable ignorance and inattention to the original compact of the people, by which deſigning men amongſt us have in too many inſtances influenced the Legiſlature to enact laws in direct violation of our excellent conſtitution.

" And we farther obſerve, that as a republican people, we have not been ſufficiently actuated by motives of frugality and œconomy—Therefore reſolved,

I. " That in all caſes of altercation, or diſpute amongſt ourſelves, or any of our neighbours, we will uſe our utmoſt influence to have the ſame ſettled by an amicable reference to men, equally ſelected by each party.

II. " We will acquire a perfect knowledge of the fundamental principles of our conſtitution, and will carefully prevent any violation of them by our ſervants, who may be intruſted with the different offices of Government.

III. " We will individually exert our utmoſt influence for the promotion of induſtry and of our own manufactures, and will refrain from, and as far as in our power pen tthrvee exceſſive uſe of foreign articles of luxury."

Extract of a letter from Kentucky, dated Danville, January 16, 1787.

"I am informed that the Indians have routed one Mr. Longstreth, a surveyor, and his party, on Little Sandy, and killed one Richard Burke, a chain carrier: They lost all their instruments, &c. I am in pain for another party who are out in that quarter.

"They have killed another man near Limestone, wounded others, and last Thursday took a girl prisoner near Stroud's. I am exceedingly fearful we shall be considerably harrassed in the spring.

"Our convention has just met in order to decide on the great question—Whether we shall seperate from the government of Virginia or not?—The members seem divided, and no certain conclusion can be made."

BALTIMORE, March 23.

CHRONICLES.

CHAPTER 1st,

VERSE I. AND it came to pass in the eleventh year of the independence of America, that the people, even the people of Maryland, were in a state of political warfare among themselves,

II. And the rulers of the people, the Chief Magistrate, the Council, the Judges, and the great men met together, in the city called Athapolis, and communed with each other;

III. Now in those days, the Legislative body were divided into two classes, and they were called the Senate and the Delegates;

IV. Now the Senate could not bear rule over the Delegates, neither had the Delegates any power over the Senate.

V. And it came to pass, when they were thus gathered together, that the one part of the people, who were become uneasy by reason of their debts which they could not pay.

VI. Said unto them, even unto them the rulers of the land, make unto us money of paper, that we may discharge our incumbrances, and that we may no more hear that irritating question, "pay me that thou owest;"

VII. Then can we build houses, and plant vineyards, and sit under our own vine, and our own fig tree, and fear neither Sheriff nor Constable,

VIII. And the other part of the people, even the rich men, and those who trafficked in merchandize, spake unto the rulers saying,

IX. Make not, we pray you, money of paper, for the value thereof will flee away like the dew before the morning sun:

X. For we have plenty of gold, and silver aboundeth among us.

XI Behold our books of accompt, and see the thousands and tens of thousands which yearly pass through our hands, and say not 'tis scarce.

XII. Now when the rulers of the land, heard all these things,

XIII. Then the Delegates spake unto the Senate saying, with the breath of our mouths, we can give unto paper the efficacy of gold and of silver,

XIV. We can by these means, relieve the distresses of our citizens, enable them to discharge their taxes, and satisfy their creditors;

XV. For the people are bowed down and couch like Issachar's ass, between two burthens,

XVI. Then will our flocks and our herds increase, and our lands yield fourth fruit in abundance,

XVII Then will the people bless us, and riches will flow in upon us like a mighty river;

XVIII. Now when the Senate heard these things, they answered and said,

XIX. Nay, we do not agree with you in this matter, for paper cannot be made to possess the power of the precious metals,

XX. Neither will any good flow from this measure, on the contrary, vice and extravagance would lift its head still higher, and reign triumphant in our cities, towns and villages,

XXI. Behold we possess a country capable of yielding all the necessaries, nay the comforts of life

XXII. Trade and commerce flourish among us, and ships from the various parts of the earth, visit our harbours;

XXIII. Go to now, and let us practise the virtues of industry and frugality,

XXIV. So shall our people be happy, and our country be called blessed.

XXV. Now when the Delegates heard these things they arose up and blew the trumpet, saying every man to his tent, O Israel!

XXVI. Now the rest of the acts of the Senate and of the Delegates, their appeals and their addresses, are they not written in the Maryland Journal and Gazette? Yea, and with the pen of sorrow on the heart of every lover of his country.

RICHMOND, April 5.

BY the late advices from Paris we are informed, that the COUNT DE VERGENNES, received the SERVICE of PLATE ordered as a present from Congress, with all the captivating politeness which so eminently distinguishes every action of that Nobleman, and told Mr. JEFFERSON, in the most obliging terms, that he would order it to be sold, and the amount faithfully applied towards ment of the interest of the DUTCH LOAN, t which the CREDITORS of the United States clamorous.—Should this report be confirmed, as much as to say "My good folks, I am very ble of your friendly disposition; but it is best to olish your attention to justice, before you dis- the generosity so natural to your disposition."

NATHANIEL WILKINSON and JOHN MARSHL, Esquires, are elected Delegates to serve in the ing General Assembly for the county of Henrico.

On Saturday last died Mrs. REBECCA TH, spouse of Major JOHN STITH, Westbury, in Charles City.

On Thursday last departed this life, after a short illness, Mrs. WHITE, the amiable spouse of Mr. WILLIAM WHITE, Merchant, of this city.

ARRIVALS AT NORFOLK.

Ship Friendship, Brown, Grenada.
Jeanie, Simpson, Rotterdam.
Nordenfork, Kiahn, New York.
Brig Greyhound, Clark, Cork.
L'Amazon, Cugneau, Hispaniola.
Home, Patterson, Grenada.
Schooner Peggy, Sheddin, St. Martin's.
Nancy, Stob.., New York.
Nancy, Brown, Philadelphia.
Sloop Harriet, Van Zandtt, New York.

CLEARANCES.

Ship Le Coutteux, Lymburn, Bourdeaux.
Hanover, Cook, Bourdeaux.
Brig Wade, Grayson, Hull.
Susannah, Elliot, Martinico.
Renown, Campbell, St. Eustatia.
Schooner Utility, Hoocky, Martinico.
Sloop Molly, Thompson, Philadelphia.
Peggy, Peyton, Antigua.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

LOST.

On the day of the ELECTION, at the Courthouse, about dark,

A common sized,

SILVER WATCH,

Makers name forgot,

Had a steal chain with a flat seal on one side of it, a cypher I. W. P and on the other side three plain letters I. W. P. Whoever will deliver it to the Printer hereof shall receive the above reward.

Richmond April 1, 1786.

To be Sold

ON REASONABLE TERMS,

THAT tract of LAND in Charlotte county, containing one hundred and sixty acres whereon William Graves resides. It lies on the main road from Richmond and Petersburg to North Carolina. By Cole's Ferry, is fertile and well adapted as a stand for a merchant or Publican; there is a small plantation, with a number of fruit trees and common buildings. The land will be shewn by William Graves, and the terms known by applying to.

PAUL CARRINGTON.

Richmond, April 3, 1787.

For Sale,

The land on which Pittsylvania Courthouse stands, containing near two hundred acres,

A DWELLING HOUSE,

Well calculated for a TAVERN,

A store HOUSE,

And sundry other convenient

HOUSES.

Payments will be made easy upon paying two hundred pounds down, and terms known by applying to the subscriber on the premises

D. LOVELL.

APRIL 3, 1787.

For Sale,

A small FARM with a mill upon it, in a convenient part of Hanover county.

ALSO 250 acres of woodland within three miles of it. Bonds with good securities payable at the following periods, will be required, viz For one third, at the expiration of one year; one third, of two; and the remainder, of three years, after sale—Certain state securities will be taken at their current value.

HUGH NELSON.

TAKEN up in Charlotte county, on the waters of Little Roanoke, on the 6th of January 1787, a small sorrel mare, 4 feet 3 or 4 inches high, three years old next spring, with a large blaze in her face, near hind foot white, neither dockt nor branded, appraised to six pounds.

WILLIAM FLOOD.

TAKEN up in Campbell county near the mouth of Falling river a bay MARE, eleven years old, branded on the near buttock H. O. some white in her forehead, near hind foot and hof; fore foot white, four feet nine inches high. Appraised to eighteen pounds.

MICHAEL PRUITT.

FOR LONDON;

Now lying at PORTSMOUTH,

THE BRIG

GREYHOUND;

Burthen about 300 hogsheads tobacco, has two thirds of her cargo engaged, and is expected to sail in all this month; will take in the remainder of her cargo at seven pounds sterling per ton, with liberty of consignment. Apply to Messrs. Donald, Fraser, & Co. Petersburg, Messrs. John Murchie, & Co. Manchester, or the subscribers at Portsmouth.

Who have for charter,

THE SHIP SALLY,

Burthen about 280 hhds. tobacco.

J. YOUNG, & Co.

APRIL 3, 1787

The noted running horse

FLAG OF TRUCE,

THE property of Robert Goode, will stand to cover mares this spring at my house in Chesterfield county, near Goode's bridge, at a guinea a leap, paid down, or three pounds the season (ready money) or a promisary note payable the first of August next. Good pasturage gratis, but not liable for escapes or other accidents.

F. GOODE.

MARCH 30, 1786.

Virginia to wit:

At a High Court of Chancery held in Richmond the 23th day of November 1786.

ROBERT MILLER, Plaintiff

against

WM. M'CLURE & WM. BARR, Defendants

THE defendant, Willam M'Clure, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly, and the rules of this Court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that he is not an inhabitant of this country. On the motion of the Plaintiff by his Counsel, it is ordered that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next Court, and answer the bill of the Plaintiff, and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in the Virginia Gazette for two months successively, and published at Petersburg Church, of the parish of Bristol, in the county of Prince George, on some Sunday immediately after divine service, and at the front door of the Court house in the city of Richmond.

(A Copy)

JOHN BROWN, C. H. C. C.

RICHMOND, March 20, 1787.

STRAYED or stolen from the subscriber in this city, about the 19th of October last, a white mare, about 8 years old last spring, four feet 6 or 7 inches high, with a long switch tail, paces, trots and gallops, and branded on the near buttock as well as I recollect C. Whoever will deliver the above mare to me, shall receive four dollars, and if stolen, on conviction of the thief, eight dollars. JAMES BENNETT.

☞ About the same time the mare was missing a negro or mulatto was seen on one very much like the one described on the road leading to Sandy-Point.

NORTHAMPTON, March 16, 1787.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber in Northampton county, on Sunday last, a negro fellow named DANIEL, about 25 years of age, of a black complexion, and has an impediment in his speech; had on when he went away, a blue coat, grey waistcoat, striped Virginia cloth breeches yarn stockings, and shoes without buckles. Any person that will detect the above fellow so that I get him again, shall receive a generous reward from

DANIEL R. HALL.

TAKEN up by the subscriber in Chesterfield county, a red and white SOW, marked with a swallow fork in each ear, and a nitch underneath the right. Posted and appraised to one pound ten shillings.

JOHN ROBERTS.

NOW SELLING

AT T. NICOLSON's OFFICE.

The Virginia LAWS,

Passed October, 1786

BLANKS,

MAY BE HAD AT THIS OFFICE.

POETRY.

On the taking of STONEY-POINT.

HARK! hear the trumpet's pleaſant ſound!
Behold you brave young men,
With Britiſh enſigns half diſplay'd,
The trophies of our Wayne.

Welcome, young heroes, from the field,
Where you did honour gain;
Let ev'ry heart exult with joy!
And praiſe our gallant Wayne.

See Gibbons on the barriers mount!
Each ſoldier darts amain;
And ev'ry youth with ardour burns,
To emulate our Wayne.

The bloody Britiſh * hang their heads,
Their ſhame for to ſuſtain,
Whilſt every heart with freedom fraught,
Praiſes the humane Wayne.

No more let faction, fraud, intrigue,
Our cauſe and Councils ſtain,
Since en'vy ſhafts no hold can take,
Of Waſhington or Wayne.

See freedom's banners high unfurl'd,
They ſpread from ſhore to ſhore;
And malice from her ſeat is hurl'd
She falls to riſe no more.

* This expreſſion alludes as well to the night attack by General Gray on General Wayne's army, as to the ſanguine colour of the Britiſh cloathing—which laſt circumſtance might probably contribute greatly to entail upon them that epithet.

ANECDOTE.

A COUNTRYMAN, ſeeing a lady in the ſtreet, in a very odd dreſs, as he thought, ſays to her. Madam, if I may be ſo bold, what do you call this? taking hold of the dreſs. The lady, not a little ſurpriſed at the queſtion, called him impertinent fellow. Nay, I hope no offence, cried JONATHAN, I am a poor countryman, juſt going out of town, and my WOMAN expects I ſhould bring her an account of the neweſt faſhions, which occaſion my aſking what you call this ere that you wear. It is a ſack, ſaid the lady in a pet. I vow (reply'd the countryman, heartily nettled at her behaviour) I have heard of a pig in a poke, but I'll ſwamp it, if ever I ſaw a ſow in a ſack before.

YORK TOWN, March 24, 1787.

I INTEND to leave the ſtate for a few months.

THOMAS CABARRUS.

To be Sold

One thouſand five hundred ACRES of

LAND

ON PAMUNKEY RIVER,

EITHER in one body or divided to ſuit the purchaſer, or purchaſers: One year's credit for half the money; two years for the remainder with intereſt from the day of ſale, provided the payments be not made punctually to the time agreed on. Tobacco at the market price from the upper warehouſes on this river, and James river will be taken as money, and for part of the purchaſe money, military certificates will alſo be received. Mr. Fox, who lives on the eſtate will ſhew the land, receive propoſals, and tranſmit them to me, who will attend here at any time, or my ſon for me; to conclude the bargain with any purchaſer,

RALPH WORMELEY.

King William county, March 7, 1787.

NOTICE!

To the members of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church.

THE ſtanding committee of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, in conſequence of the power veſted in them, do hereby notify, that Wedneſday, the 16th of May next, is appointed as the time for holding a convention in the city of Richmond: It hath been thought adviſable thus to anticipate the ſtated time of meeting, on account of the Whitſuntide feſtival.

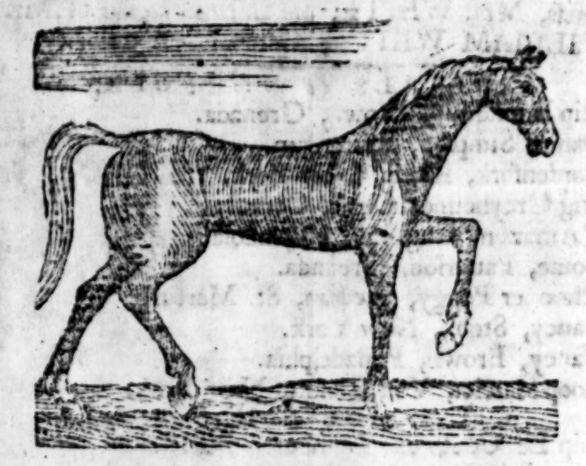
The Committee, conſidering the effects of the repeal of the incorporating act, take the liberty to recommend to the Miniſters of pariſhes, or the Churchwardens where there are no Miniſters, to convene the members of the Proteſtant Epiſcopal Church, in their reſpective pariſhes, ſo ſoon as may be convenient, in order to make an election of Lay Deputies.

The committee are alſo anxious to expreſs their earneſt deſire, that the Convention may be full, as matters of the utmoſt importance to the above Church will come under conſideration.

(Signed)

J. MADISON, Chairman of the Committee.

Williamſburg, March 12, 1787.



The beautiful well bred imported horſe,

PANTALOON,

FULL ſixteen hands high, a fine bay, and nine years old this ſpring, ſtands at Brandon, and will cover mares at five pounds, ſpecie, the ſeaſon, payable on the firſt day of October next, or two guineas the leap, paid down. The paſturage is as fine and extenſive as any in Virginia, for which no charge will be made

Pantaloon, was got by King Herod, out of Mr. Fenwicks, Nut Cracker, who was got by Matchem, in 1772, ſhe won four fifty pound plates at the following places; Beverly, Scarborough, Burrowbridge, and Northallerton. In 1773, ſhe won Barnard's Caſtle, and Richmond, beating many good horſes, and afterwards was lamed and put to breeding.

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

MARCH 8, 1787.

THOMAS WATSON,

BOOT & SHOE MAKER,

BEGS leave to inform the public and his cuſtomers in particular, that he has juſt opened ſhop in the houſe formerly occupied by Mr. ROBERT GILBERT, near the Maſon's Hall in this city, where he intends carrying on his buſineſs very extenſively, having procured the beſt of workmen, and alſo materials. Thoſe gentlemen who pleaſe to favour him with their work may depend it ſhall be done in the neateſt manner, and at a very ſhort notice.

☞ *Orders from the country accompanied with caſh, will be duly attended to.*

Richmond, March 6, 1787.

To be Sold,

In Louiſa county, on the premiſes, the lands liſted in the names of the following perſons, or ſo much thereof, as will ſatisfy the certificate tax for 1784, and 1785, alſo the revenue tax for 1785, and the expences attending the ſame, on the followings days, viz.

On the 30th day of April, 1787.

William Cliſt's, eſtate,	400
Bartholomew Dandridge,	1200
On the 1st of May, Richard H. Lee,	440
Robert Douglaſs's eſtate,	900
On the 2d of May, Richard Anderſon,	330
Alexander Baine,	10
On the 3d of May, Joſeph Watkins, alias John Waller,	190
Richard Goodall's eſtate,	200
On the 4th of May, Sarah Wheeler,	60
William Winſton,	225
On the 5th of May, Thomas Smith, S. L.	7
John Wingfield,	430
On the 7th of May, John Diggs,	200
Thomas Littlepage,	300
On the 8th of May, Thomas Diggs,	170
Ditto	60
Iſham Pulliam,	50
On the 9th of May, John Saunders,	53
William Dandridge,	893
James Crews,	100
On the 10th of May, James Lobb,	500
William Brown,	100
On the 11th of May, Thomas Tyler,	100
Joſeph Locker,	100
On the 12th of May, John Robinſon,	400
Martha Statham,	300
On the 14th of May, George Hadon,	200
Thomas Mercer,	200
John Overton	100

R. TANCP. D. S.

February 28, 1787.

CURLES, February 1, 1787.

ALL Perſons to whom the late Col. Richard Randolph was indebted, are requeſted to make their demands known, that proviſion may be made for payment as ſpeedily as poſſible.—Creditors are deſired to render a ſtate of their ſeveral claims in as particular a manner as they can, diſtinguiſhing the nature of the debt, whether by judgment, bill, bond, or otherwiſe, with the date of the obligation, or time when the debt was contracted, that due regard may be had to the legal dignity of the claim.—It is likewiſe requeſted, that thoſe who are indebted to the eſtate, will make payment without delay.

RICHARD & D. M. RANDOLPH, Ex'rs.

Wants Employment.

A young man who has ſerved a regular apprenticeſhip to the

SEA,

And is acquainted with the rivers

YORK & JAMES

PARTICULARLY.

Any gentleman having a bay or river craft he will be glad to take charge of her, on wages, or otherwiſe, as may be moſt convenient to his employer. For further particulars inquire of the Printer.

Richmond, March 14, 1786.

To be LET.

THE NOTED TAVERN,

At the foot of the Church Hill, *known by the name of the*

BIRD IN THE HAND.

It has every neceſſary outhouſe,

And a GOOD GARDEN.

ALSO A HOUSE,

Adjoining Mr. M'Colls, ſtore,

A little above the Courthouſe.

It is fitted for two tenements, as ſtores, and would ſuit a merchant with or without a family. For terms inquire of

COHEN & ISAACS.

Richmond, March 19, 1787.

AT AUCTION!

On Monday the 9th day of April, if fair, otherwiſe the next fair day, will be ſold, on twelve months credit for all purchaſes above 25ſ. at the late reſidence of

Sterling Thornton, dec.

In the county of HENRICO,

All the eſtate of the ſaid deceaſed,

Conſiſting of fifteen likely

NEGROES,

MEN, WOMEN, & CHILDREN,

STOCKS of HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, and HOGS, PLATE, HOUSEHOLD and KITCHEN FURNITURE, and IMPLEMENTS of HUSBANDRY. Alſo the PLANTATION, which contains about two hundred and forty acres, and poſſeſſeth equal advantages to any in ſituation, ſoil, and water. The buildings, (conſiſting of a commodious well finiſhed dwelling houſe, a kitchen, overſeer's and gardners houſe, ſmoke houſe, dairy, ſpring houſe, and a ſtable quite new) Orchards of apples, peaches and cherries of the beſt ſorts. As a purchaſer would chooſe to view the premiſes before the day of ſale, I think it unneceſſary minutely to detail its many local advantages, I ſhall only add, that there is navigation to the ſpot, that it is only twelve miles from Richmond, and four from the Hundred, and water carriage of three miles to the mill. For terms of payment as to the land, apply before the day of ſale to the ſubſcriber near the premiſes. Bonds with approved ſecurity will be required, including intereſt from the date (but ſubject nevertheleſs to the diſcount of 5 per cent if punctually paid.

JOHN PLEASANTS, Ex'or.

ALL perſons indebted to the ſaid deceaſed are requeſted to make payment; and thoſe who have demands to bring them in properly vouched, that the Executor may be enabled to take the moſt effective meaſures for diſcharging the ſame.

NEWCASTLE, Hanover county, March 28, 1787.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber a mulatto boy Henry Kelly, about 17 years old, 5 feet 4 high, ſlender made, and has an impediment ſpeech, had on when he run away a coat, wait and breeches, of negro cotton, of a dove colou carried with him a blue out ſide jacket, which I ſu he will put on. Before he went off, broke ope trunk, and ſtole about fourteen pounds in cath, he on the violin with his left hand. Whoever appreh ſaid mulatto boy, and ſecures him in any jail ſo t get him, ſhall have ten dollars reward from Ha Tomlinſon, or from Mr. David Cochran. All m of veſſels are forewarned from carrying him out country.